1. Find the values of k for which the inequality

$$\frac{x^2 + 2x + 2k}{x^2 + x + 2 - k^2} > 0 \qquad \text{Answer: } \frac{1}{2} < k < \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{7}$$

is true for every x?

2. Solve the inequalities:

$$\sqrt{1+x^2} \geqslant x+1 \qquad \text{Answer: } x \leqslant 0$$
 
$$\sqrt{(x+4)(x-3)1+x^2} < 6-x \qquad \text{Answer: } x \leqslant -4 \text{ or } 3 \leqslant x < \frac{48}{13}$$
 
$$\sqrt{2+x-x^2} > x-4 \qquad \text{Answer: } -1 \leqslant x \leqslant 2$$
 
$$(x-1)\sqrt{x+4} < 2-4x \qquad \text{Answer: } -4 \leqslant x < 7-2\sqrt{10}$$